

WAR and PEACE PROBLEM,
MATERIAL FOR INTERNATIONAL POLITY.

John Mez.

MODERN PACIFISM

Angell, Norman.—ARMS AND INDUSTRY: A study of the Foundations of International Polity. 248 p. Putnam, New York, 1914. \$1.25

"It is not the more visible evils of war and armaments which give the greatest value to the study of the accepted theories of international polity, but the fact that the fundamental misunderstanding of any large human issue involves the misunderstanding in some degree of all human relations. The continued justification of the military form of international society has involved perpetuating a political philosophy which misrepresents the basic principles of human association and cooperation, a distortion which has widespread results." The six chapters of this book are invaluable for a right understanding of the problem.

—THE GREAT ILLUSION: A study of the relation of military power to national advantage. Heinemann, London, 1913. 2s. 6d. American edition: Putnam, New York, 1913 (4th edition, revised and enlarged). \$1.00

Sets out to demonstrate, amongst other things, that in modern times military conquest could not be other than economically futile. Within the last decades new factors have come into being which have profoundly modified the relationship of modern nations, as, for instance, the greater financial, industrial, and commercial interdependence of nations, developments belonging almost exclusively to the more recent era of specialised industry, internationalised credit and improved intercommunication. These phenomena, although having an important bearing on the problems confronting each state, are largely ignored even by those who speak with authority on international matters. The problems of Defence and Imperialism are especially dependent upon a true conception of the relation of the military and political power to social and economic advantage. A right understanding of the principles that underlie modern international relationships would have gone far to relieve Europe from the calamity of the present war. Broadly conceived, it would add greatly to the security of every nation, and consequently be a substantial asset to the maintenance of peace.

"The Great Illusion" is especially suitable for the purpose of study as being a complete re-survey of a wide range of facts relating to international relationship in the light of modern conditions.

- THE PROBLEMS OF THE WAR—AND THE PEACE. A Handbook for Students. W. Heinemann, London, 1915.
Price, 6d. (15 cts.)

The best grammar obtainable for the Study of International Polity.

- TO THE AMERICAN STUDENT: An Open Letter. 32 p. American Association for International Conciliation, 407 West 117th Street, New York, 1914.

Free on application.

Important as an introduction to the study of the facts underlying our civilization and international society. Shows the influence of ideas in shaping human society, discusses the place of force in civilization and urges a rational study of the facts of modern international relations.

- Bloch, Jean de.*—THE FUTURE OF WAR. World Peace Foundation, Boston. \$1.65

A translation of the more popular portion of Bloch's encyclopedic original work, "La Guerre," which was published in six volumes in 1898. (This book made a profound impression on the Czar of Russia and induced him to convoke the first International Hague Conference in 1899.)

- Butler, Nicholas Murray.*—THE INTERNATIONAL MIND: An argument for the Judicial Settlement of International Disputes. 121 p. Scribner, New York, 1912. \$1.75

"We Americans need the international mind as much as any people ever needed it. We shall never be able to do justice to our better selves or to take our true part in the modern world until we acquire it."

This book by President Butler is the best introduction to the study of modern internationalism as a means of developing a breadth of thought and a wider conception of the problem.

- Carnegie, Andrew.*—ARMAMENTS AND THEIR RESULTS. (Pamphlet.) 8 p. New York Peace Society. 2d edition, 1914. Free on application.

- Choate, Joseph H.*—TWO HAGUE CONFERENCES. 125 p. Princeton University Press, 1912. Net, \$1.00

Two lectures portraying the larger and more enduring results of the two conferences.

D'Estournelles de Constant.—LES ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE. 536 p. Librairie Armand Colin, Paris, 1913. English translation to be published by Macmillan, New York, in April, 1915; with the title "America and Her Problems." \$2.00

In this work the well-known French pacifist gives his impressions of the United States as a result of careful studies and investigations, and various journeys through this country. In summing up, the author gives an excellent outline of the rôle and the duties of the American people in the pacification of the world.

Dunning, William Archibald.—THE BRITISH EMPIRE AND THE UNITED STATES: A review of their relations during the century of Peace following the Treaty of Ghent. With an introduction by Viscount Bryce, and a preface by Nicholas Murray Butler. 381 p. Scribner, New York, 1914. \$2.00

This book has been written "as a part of the Celebration of Peace between the British Empire and the United States," as an historical review of the relations between the two countries since the signing of the Treaty of Ghent. It is of utmost importance for the study of the peace problem as well as of the political history of the last century. By showing how often disputes and differences of ambition and interest and points of honor or national pride could be met without wars, it contains some very impressive lessons for peaceful relations between nations, an example which it may be hoped will be followed by the other great nations of the world.

Finot, Jean.—RACE PREJUDICE. Translation by Florence Wade Evans. 300 p. Constable, London, 1906; Dutton, New York. \$3.00

The best study on the race-problem as affecting international relations and wars.

Fried, Alfred H.—DIE GRUNDLAGEN DES REVOLUTIONÄREN PAZIFISMUS. 68 p. I. C. B. Mohr, Tübingen, 1908. French translation by Jean Lagorgette. 76 p. A. Pedone, Paris, 1909. \$.25

Outline of a scientific foundation of pacifism and introductory summary of the modern science of peace. "War" and "armed peace" essentially the same; both the outcome of one underlying cause: present condition of international society, i. e., *international anarchy*. Moral, economical and biological evils of armed peace in the long run even greater than those of war. Abolition of wars and physical force in interna-

tional relations only possible by establishing international order and organization on the basis of reason and law. Disarmament and arbitration only effectively applicable in new international system. Main problems therefore,

(1) To destroy optical delusion as to military power and physical force as a means of securing national advantage, expansion, conquest, or defense (security).

(2) To realize and promote the natural tendency of human progress and evolution, the development toward internationalism, world-organization, international cooperation and labor division.

- KURZE AUFKLÄRUNGEN ÜBER WESEN UND ZIEL DES PAZIFISMUS. 32 p. Verlag der Friedenswarte, Berlin and Leipzig, 1914. \$15

An excellent little pamphlet showing what pacifism really is and what it is not. An English edition is in preparation for free distribution upon application to the American Association for International Conciliation.

- Hobson, J. A.—IMPERIALISM. A study. 331 p. Constable & Co., London, 1902. Revised edition, 1905 (2/6). \$.65

An elaborate and well-compacted study on the "social pathology" of Imperialism. Part I of this book: The Economics of Imperialism, is especially suitable for the study of the underlying economic causes of war.

- Jordan, David Starr.—THE HUMAN HARVEST. A study of the decline of warlike nations. 125 p. The Beacon Press, Boston. \$1.00

- UNSEEN EMPIRES. A Study of the plight of nations that do not pay their debts. 210 p. The Beacon Press, Boston, 1913. \$1.25

Discusses the economic effects of armament-expenditures and the pernicious rôle of the "unseen Empire" of Finance and Capital connected with the armament industry, which in the judgment of the author controls the nations of Europe. The best study on this subject.

- and Jordan, Ernest Harvey.—WAR'S AFTERMATH. A preliminary study of the Eugenics of war as illustrated by the Civil War of the United States and the late wars in the Balkans. 104 p. Houghton Mifflin, Boston and New York, 1914. \$.75

"Dr. David Starr Jordan's books are invaluable in the study of the more purely biological aspects." (Norman Angell.)

Kellogg, Vernon Lyman. BEYOND WAR: A chapter in the natural history of man. 172 p. Holt, New York, 1912.
\$1.00

Challenges the alleged unchangeability of human nature by showing the evolution of mankind.

Marvin, F. S.—THE LIVING PAST: A sketch of western progress. 288 p. Oxford University Press, New York, 1913.
\$1.15

"This little work brings out very clearly that intellectual interdependence of the world which so long preceded material interdependence, which is, indeed, almost as old as written history itself. It shows the interaction of intellectual and moral forces, the rôle of the factor of intercommunication, in which must be included not merely the means of travel and transport, but the communication of ideas through the written and spoken word." (N. Angell.)

Novicow, Jacques.—WAR AND ITS ALLEGED BENEFITS. Translation by *T. Seltzer*. 130 p. Holt, New York, 1911.
\$1.00

English edition with an introduction by *Norman Angell*, Heinemann, London, 1913.
2s. 6d.

An earnest argument against war as an end in itself, war as a solution, against the psychological, economic, political, intellectual and moral effects of war, war as a sole form of struggle, and a thorough discussion of the theories of brute force, antagonism and solidarity.

Schücking, Walter.—DIE ORGANISATION DER WELT. 84 p. A. Kröner, Leipzig, 1909.

An excellent history of the ideal of a World State in the past and an outline of the necessary development to a future organization of the world in accordance with the growing internationalization of humanity. (English translation to be published in 1915.)

Stead, William T.—TO THE PICKED HALF MILLION: An appeal to the University Students of the World. 16 p. World Peace Foundation, Boston, 40 Mt. Vernon Street, 1907.
Free on application.

A most inspiring address on the duties and responsibilities of the Students of the World to their respective nations and to humanity.

Taft, William H.—THE UNITED STATES AND PEACE. 182 p.
Scribner, New York, 1914. Net, \$1.00

Contents: The Monroe Doctrine: its limitations and implications; Shall the Federal government protect aliens in their treaty rights? Arbitration treaties that mean something; Experiments in federation for judicial settlement of international disputes. The latter part of the book is of especial timeliness.

Torres, Alberto.—LE PROBLÈME MONDIAL: Etude de Politique Internationale. Pp. xviii + 213. Imprensa Nacional, Rio de Janeiro, 1913.

An admirable statement of the case against war.

REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION TO INQUIRE
INTO THE CAUSES AND CONDUCT OF THE BALKAN WARS.

Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (Publication No. 4), 2 Jackson Place, Washington, D. C., 1914.

Free on application.

SOME FAMOUS BOOKS ON THE PEACE MOVEMENT

Fried, Alfred H.—THE GERMAN EMPEROR AND THE WORLD'S PEACE, with an introduction by *Norman Angell*. Hodder & Stoughton, London, 1913. \$1.50

Hirst, F. W.—THE ARBITER IN COUNCIL. 567 p. Macmillan, New York, 1906. \$2.00

Discussions on general aspects of War and Peace.

Kant, Immanuel.—ETERNAL PEACE AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL ESSAYS. Translation by *W. Hastie, B. D.*, with an Introduction by *Edwin D. Mead*. World Peace Foundation. Boston, 1914. \$75

The first and most profound philosophical analysis of the problems of peace, of democratic control, of foreign policy and the Federation of the World.

Novicow, Jacques.—LA CRITIQUE DU DARWINISME SOCIAL. 407 p. Alcan, Paris, 1910. \$2.00

Challenges the misconceptions resulting from the wrong application of biological laws in Sociology.

Perris, G. H.—A SHORT HISTORY OF WAR AND PEACE. 7+256 p. Holt, New York, 1911. \$1.50

Suttner, Bertha von.—LAY DOWN YOUR ARMS. Translation by R. Holmes. Longmans, New York. \$1.75

A world-famous novel which won for its author the Nobel Prize.

Tolstoi, Leo N.—WAR AND PEACE. Various eds. 3 vols. Everyman's Library, Dutton, New York, each volume \$1.35

Deals with Napoleonic times and contains realistic descriptions of the horrors of war, etc.

Wells, H. G.—THE WORLD SET FREE. Dutton, New York, 1914. Net, \$1.35

An imaginary war, several decades hence—so devastatingly horrible as to end all war.

Zola, Emile.—THE DOWNFALL (La Débâcle). A story of the horrors of war. Macmillan, New York. \$1.50

THE OPPOSITE (MILITARIST AND IMPERIALIST)
POINT OF VIEW MAY BE OBTAINED FROM
THE FOLLOWING BOOKS

Bernhardi, F. v.—GERMANY AND THE NEXT WAR. Translation by A. H. Towles. 300 p. Longmans, New York, 1914. Net, \$1.75

A well written and very frank account of the war to be waged.

Cheap edition, net, \$.25

Cramb, J. A.—GERMANY AND ENGLAND. Introduction by Joseph H. Choate. 152 p. Dutton, New York (120th Thousand). \$1.00

Lea, Homer.—THE VALOR OF IGNORANCE. Harper, New York, 1908. \$1.50

An attempt at a military philosophy.

Mahan, A. T.—THE INFLUENCE OF SEA-POWER UPON HISTORY. 1660-1783. 560 p. Little, Brown & Co., Boston, 1890. \$4.00

Steinmetz, S. Rudolf.—DIE PHILOSOPHIE DES KRIEGES. xvi and 352 p. I. A. Barth, Leipzig, 1907.

Sociological justification of war.

Stengel, Karl v.—WELTSTAAT UND FRIEDENSPROBLEM. xii and 145 p. Reichl & Co., Berlin, 1909.

Against Peace Movement.

Wilkinson, Henry Spencer.—WAR AND POLICY. Dodd, Mead & Co., New York. \$3.50

PERIODICALS

BULLETIN OF THE PAN-AMERICAN UNION. Published by the Pan-American Union, Washington, D. C. Monthly. English edition. Net, \$2.00

PUBLICATIONS OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR INTERNATIONAL CONCILIATION.—Pamphlet series.

Up to the limit of the editions printed, copies of all documents published by the Association will be sent postpaid upon application.

THE COSMOPOLITAN STUDENT. Official organ of "Corda Fratres" Association of Cosmopolitan Clubs. Monthly during academic year. Press Building, Ann Arbor, Mich. Subscription. \$1.00

THE PEACE MOVEMENT. Berne. Official organ of the International Peace Bureau, Berne. Monthly.

WAR AND PEACE: A Norman Angell monthly. Published in London by "War and Peace, Ltd.," 29 and 30 Charing Cross, S. W. Annual subscription, post free. \$1.00

For further information see *Internationalism*, a list of current periodicals selected and annotated by *Frederick C. Hicks*, International Conciliation, Sub-station 84, New York, 1915. (Publication No. 64.) Free on application.

Further literature on the War and Peace Problem may be gathered from the following sources:

Fried, Alfred H.—HANDBUCH DER FRIEDENSBEWEGUNG. 2d edition, 1913; Part II, p. 423-462. ("Führer durch die Pazifistische Literatur.")

Jordan, David Starr, and Krehbiel, Edward Benjamin.—SYLLABUS OF LECTURES ON INTERNATIONAL CONCILIATION. 180 p. World Peace Foundation, Boston, Mass., 1912. Post free. \$1.00

Levermore, Charles H.—SUGGESTIONS FOR THE STUDY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS. 28 p., free. World Peace Foundation, Boston, 40 Mt. Vernon Street.
